

C.1 The judging criteria for AIR Division shall be:

THE SURFER WHO PERFORMS THE MOST COMMITTED RADICAL AIR IN THE MOST CRITICAL SECTION OF A WAVE WITH HEIGHT, TECHNICAL DIFFICULTY AND CONTROL WILL MAXIMIZE THEIR SCORING POTENTIAL.

NOTE: CRITERIA RATING (SHALL BE BASED ON 2' TO 3' ABOVE THE LIP), ALL AIRS DEPEND ON HEIGHT, BIGGER THE AIR THE HIGHER THE SCORE, POINT RATING BELOW MAY VARY DEPENDING ON HEIGHT, COMMITMENT AND CONTROL AS DETERMINED BY WAVE CONDITIONS.

C.2 FRONTSIDE AIRS

Type of Air	Description	Rating
Standard Air	Ollie	2-5
Double Grab	Both hands	2-5
Slob Air	Back hand grabbing toe-side Rail	5-7
Alley Oop	Off the lip of the wave	5-7
Lean Air	Front hand grabbing heel-side rail	6-8
Stale Fish	Back hand grabbing heel-side rail	7-9
Air 360	Full rotation in the air	7-9
Inverted Air		8-10

Backside AIRS

Type of Air	Description	Rating
Chop Hop	Below the lip	1-2
Chop Hop	Above the lip	2-4
Standard Air	Ollie	2-5
Double Grab	Both hands	2-5

Method	Front hand grab toe-side rail	4-6
Indy Air	Back hand grab toe-side rail	4-6
Mute Air	Front hand grab toe-side rail	5-7
Various grabs	Front/Back hand on toe-side rail	6-8
Air 360	Full rotation in the Air	7-9
Inverted Air/Rodeo		8-10

Note: All Air variations will be a judged depending on degree of difficulty

E.1 Air Division

To decide a winner, the top two AIRS on each judges sheet will be totaled (highest score will be doubled).

When no further calculations are required on the judge's sheets, the results are transcribed on the tally sheet, which is completed in the following manner:

1. The competitor's names are entered.
2. The judge's names or identification numbers are entered.
3. Places are copied in a row next to each judge.
4. The high and low scores are crossed out for each competitor.
5. Total the places that remain and enter.
6. The competitor who receives the lowest point total in the final point column places 1st and so on. If, at this point, a tie situation occurs, the tabulator will proceed to break the tie as follows:

1. Compare the relative position of the tied competitor's on the tabulator sheet using the plus/minus system. If not broken, then see #2.
2. Tabulate the one or two (three for finals) highest waves on the TIED judge's sheet only.
3. Tabulate the highest wave (two for finals), and so on.

4. Go to the third, fourth, fifth, etc. until all waves are exhausted. If the tie is not broken by these methods, go back to #2 and repeat for ALL judge's sheets. Go to #3, #4, etc.

WAVE POSSESSION IN COMPETITION - A competitor may gain wave possession by:

1. By catching a wave and completing a maneuver (turn in chosen direction) before the face of the wave reaches another competitor.
2. If two or more competitors are paddling in the face of the same wave, in the same shoulder, the competitor closest to the curl has possession upon catching the wave and completing a maneuver.
3. Two competitors may go in opposite directions on the same peak, providing they don't cross paths or hinder one another.
4. If two competitors, at opposite ends of the contest area, catch the same wave and ride toward each other, both gain wave possession. If they eventually meet, the competitor who gained wave possession first on their respective peak shall have the right of way.

INTERFERENCE

1. If a judge thinks an interference has taken place, the judge shall triangle the ride of the offending competitor and draw an arrow to the ride of the competitor who was interfered with. In the case of a paddling interference, the triangle shall be placed on the line between the appropriate rides for the offending competitor and filled with P. I. (no ride/no score) and the arrow still drawn. P.I. will receive at least a 2.5 deduction from their total score.
2. If any four of six judges, including the head judge, or 3 of 5 scoring judges rule interference, the tabulators shall give the offending competitor a score of 50% for the ride on each of the judge's sheets and that score will count as one of the rides tabulated for the offending competitor. It is the responsibility other administrators are discouraged from assisting competitors, coaches, friends, or any others in keeping track of individual's wave counts.